THE VOICING ALTERNATION IN ENGLISH NOUN PLURALS

You might doubt, initially, that some of the words given below are countable nouns. They all are, though, in one meaning or another; moreover, I'm sure that the list is not complete.

There are very few nouns that end in invariant /ð/. So far I've been able to find *lathe*, *tithe*, and *scythe*.

I expect that some of you will have different pronunciations of some of these words and/or different judgments about how the plural is formed, but that shouldn't change the overall picture much.

/ <u>f</u> / <u>only</u>	$/\underline{f}/\sim/\underline{v}/$	/ <u>v</u> / <u>only</u>	$\frac{\theta}{\theta}$ only	$/\underline{\theta}/\sim/\underline{\eth}/$	after:
tiff whiff skiff sniff cliff		sieve	myth smith		/I/
clef			death breath		/٤/
			lath		/æ/
gaff laugh staff	half calf	salve	bath = path =	bath path	/æ:/
			swath		/a/
cough trough			moth		/ɔ/
	hoof				/U/

/ <u>f</u> / <u>only</u>	$/\underline{f}/\sim/\underline{v}/$	/ <u>v</u> / <u>only</u>	/ <u>θ</u> / <u>only</u>	$ \underline{\theta} \sim \underline{\eth} $	after:
puff tough duff chough cuff muff ruff bluff		dove shove love glove			/ <i>N</i>
fief	beef	(eaves)		sheath	/iy/
chief	thief	leave		wreath	
reef	sheaf	reeve			
brief	leaf	sleeve			
		greave			
safe		shave	faith		/ey/
waif		cave			
		knave			
		wave			
		stave			
		slave			
		glaive			
		grave			
fife	knife	five			/ay/
	life	dive			
	wife	hive			
		chive			
		drive			
coif					/ɔy/
				mouth	/aw/

/ <u>f</u> / <u>only</u>	$/\underline{\mathbf{f}}/\sim/\underline{\mathbf{v}}/$	/ <u>v</u> / <u>only</u>	$\frac{\theta}{\partial}$	$/\underline{\theta}/\sim/\underline{\delta}/$	after:
oaf	loaf	cove stove clove grove drove	oath		/ow/
	roof	move groove youth	booth		/uw/
			sleuth		
kerf serf dwarf = (*pl. 'dwarves	wharf scarf dwarf* turf	curve nerve	earth hearth firth birth berth dearth girth by J. R. R. Tolk	ien)	/r/
sylph gulf	elf self shelf wolf	helve valve			ΛV
nymph			plinth length strength depth width		(other cons.)