# Two classes of 'anyone': A contrastive analysis of amwu and nwukwu in Korean

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#### Introduction

I. Basic distribution of *amwu-to* and *nwukwu-to* 

- II. A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to
- III. The status of a particle -to
- IV. Existential quantifiers and "absolute non-existential quantifiers"

Neither of these are 'typical' NPIs

(1) a. John-un {amwu/nwukwu}-to an cohahanta. [Negation] John-тор amwu/nwukwu-то мот likes 'John does not like anyone.'

b. \*{amwu/nwukwu}-to o-myen, na-hantey ally-ela. [Conditional] amwu/nwukwu-TO come-if, I-DAT inform-IMP

'If anyone comes, let me know.'

Amwu being restricted to negated context

came

(2) a. {nwukwu/\*amwu}-to wasse. nwukwu/amwu-то

'Someone else came.'

b. {nwukwu/\*amwu}-to wass-ni?

nwukwu/amwu-то come-QUE?

'Did someone else come?'

Amwu being required to co-occur with —to in negated context

(3) John-un {nwukwu/\*amwu}-lul an cohahanta. [cf. (1a)]
John-top nwukwu/amwu-ACC NOT likes
'John does not like anyone.' / 'There is someone who J. does not like.'

More contrasting examples with amwu/nwukwu

- (4) a. John-un {nwukwu/\*amwu}-lul cohahanta.

  John-TOP nwukwu/amwu-ACC likes

  'John likes someone.' / 'There is someone (specific) who John likes.'
  - b. John-un {nwukwu/\*amwu}-lul cohaha-ni? [Question]
    John-TOP nwukwu/amwu-ACC like-QUE?

    'Who does John like?' / 'Does J. like anyone?' / 'Is there someone who J. likes?'
  - c. {nwukwu/\*amwu}-ka o-myen, na-hantey ally-ela [Conditional] nwukwu/amwu-NOM come-if, I-DAT inform-IMP 'If someone (particular) comes, let me know.' / 'If anyone comes, let me know.'

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Amwu-(Noun)-to

(5) a. John-un amwu-to mot po-ass.ta

John-top amwu-to NOT see-PAST.DECL

'John didn't see anyone.'

b. John-un amwu-{salam/kes}-to mot po-ass.ta

John-TOP amwu-person/thing-TO NOT see-PAST.DECL

'John didn't see any person/anything.'

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Postposition —eykey/ey 'to'

```
(6) a. John-un {Bill/*hakkyo}-eykey-to phyenci-lul an ponay-ss.ta. [+ human]

John-top Bill/school-to-to letter-ACC NOT send-PAST.DECL

'John didn't send a letter to Bill/school.'
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b. John-un {*Bill/hakkyo}-ey-to phyenci-lul an ponay-ss.ta. [- human]
John-top Bill/school-to-to letter-ACC NOT send-PAST.DECL
'John didn't send a letter to Bill/school.'
```

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Amwu-to [+ human]

(7) John-un amwu-{eykey/\*ey}-to
John-тор amwu-to-то
'John didn't send a letter to anyone.'

phyenci-lul an ponay-ss.ta. letter-ACC NOT send-PAST.DECL

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Amwu and existential quantifier (1/2)

```
(8) a. John-un {etten/enu}-salam-to mot po-ass.ta.
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John-top some-person-to NOT see-past.decl

'John didn't see some person.'

[There is some person such that J didn't see them]

[It is not the case that there is some person such that J saw them]

b. John-un amwu-salam-to mot po-ass.ta.

John-TOP amwu-person-TO NOT see-PAST.DECL

'John didn't see any person.'

[It is not the case that there is any person such that J saw them]

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Amwu and existential quantifier (2/2)

- (9) a. John-un (\*amwu) {etten/enu} salam-to mot po-ass.ta.

  John-тор amwu some person-то мот see-разт. DECL 'John didn't see any person.'
  - b. John-un {\*etten/\*enu} amwu salam-to mot po-ass.ta.

    John-top some amwu person-to Not see-PAST.DECL

    'John didn't see any person.'
  - c. John-un {\*etten/\*enu} amwu-to mot po-ass.ta.

    John-TOP some/some amwu-TO NOT see-PAST.DECL

    'John didn't see any person.'

### A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: The structure of amwu

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(10) a. [_{QP} amwu [_{NP} salam ]] to b. [_{QP} amwu [_{NP} \emptyset ]] to
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### A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Indeterminate nwukwu

(11) a. **nwukwu**-ka wass-**ni**?

who/someone-NOM come-QUE

'Who came?'/'Did someone come?'

b. **nwukwu**-ka wass-**ta.** 

someone-NOM came-DECL

'Someone came.'

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Nwukwu-to and negation

(12) a. **nwukwu-to** wass-ta.

nwukwu-to came-DECL
'Someone came.'

b. \*amwu-to wass-ta.
amwu-to came-DECL
'Someone came.'

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Nwukwu and existential quantifier

- (13) \*John-un **nwukwu**-{salam/kes}-to mot po-ass.ta.

  John-top nwukwu-person/thing-to NOT see-DECL
  - 'John didn't see any person/anything.'
- (14) a. John-un {etten/enu} nwukwu-to mot po-ass.ta.

  John-TOP which/which who-TO NOT see-DECL
  - 'John didn't see any person.'
  - b. John-un (\*nwukwu) {etten/enu}-to mot po-ass.ta.

    John-TOP someone which/which-TO NOT see-DECL
    - 'John didn't see any person.'

### A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: The structure of nwukwu

```
(15) a. [_{QP} Ø [_{NP} nwukwu ]] to b. [_{OP} etten [_{NP} nwukwu ]] to
```

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Relative clauses and adjectival modifier

- (16) a. **nay-ka senthaykha-n nwukwu**-to na-lul cohahaci anh-ass.ta.

  I-NOM choose-REL nwukwu-TO I-ACC like NOT-DECL

  'No one who I choose likes me.'
  - b. \*nay-ka senthaykha-n amwu-to na-lul cohahaci anh-ass.ta.

    I-NOM choose-REL amwu-TO I-ACC like NOT-DECL

    'No one who I choose likes me.'
- (17) a. **sesang-ui nwukwu**-to na-lul daecheha-ci mot han.ta. world-gen nwukwu-to l-ACC replace NOT do.DECL 'No one in the world can replace me.'
  - b. \*sesang-ui amwu-to na-lul daecheha-ci mot han.ta. world-gen amwu-to l-ACC replace NOT do.DECL

'No one in the world can replace me.'

# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: The structure of nwukwu/amwu

```
(18) a. [_{NP} sesang-ui [_{NP} nwukwu]] to b. *[_{QP} sesang-ui [_{QP} amwu[_{NP} \emptyset]] to
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# A deeper morpho-syntactic examination of amwu-to and nwukwu-to: Amwu and "absolute non-existentiality"

(19) \*[QP amwu [NP [nay-ka senthaykha-n] salam]]-to na-lul cohahaci anh-ass.ta.

amwu I-NOM choose-REL person-TO I-ACC like NOT-DECL

'It is not the case that even any who I choose person likes me.'

#### Amwu's dependency on -to

- (20) a. nwukwu-{to/ka} John-ul an cohaha-n.ta.

  nwukwu-To/NOM John-ACC NOT like-DECL

  'There is (even) someone who doesn't like John.'

  'It is not the case that (even) someone likes John.'
  - b. amwu-{to/\*ka} John-ul an cohaha-n.ta. amwu-To/NOM John-ACC NOT like-DECL 'It is not the case that even any person likes John.'

#### Discourse particle -to

(21) a. Harry-**lul-(\*nun)** senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.

Harry-ACC-TOP gift-ACC NOT-give-PST-DECL

'(I) didn't give Harry a gift.'

b. Harry-(\*lul)-nun senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.

Harry-ACC-TOP gift-ACC NOT-give-PST-DECL

'Speaking of Harry, (I) didn't give him a gift.'

c. Harry-**eykey-(\*lul)** senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.

Harry-GOAL-ACC gift-ACC NOT-give-PST-DECL

'(I) didn't give a gift to Harry.'

d. Harry-(\*eykey)-lul senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.

Harry-GOAL-ACC gift-ACC NOT-give-PST-DECL

'(I) didn't give Harry a gift.'

e. Harry-**eykey-nun** senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.
Harry-GOAL-TOP gift-ACC NOT-give-PST-DECL
'Speaking of Harry, (I) didn't give a gift to him.'

Semantic-postposition, case-marker, discourse particle

```
(22) a. [[[[ N ] semantic-postposition]_{POS-1} case-marker]_{POS-2} discourse-particle]_{POS-3} b.*[[[[ Harry ] _{POS-1} _{POS-1} _{POS-1} _{POS-2} _{POS-2} _{POS-3} d. [[[[ Harry ] _{POS-2} _{POS-1} _{POS-2} _{POS-2} _{POS-3} _{POS-3}
```

Discourse particle –to and –nun

```
(23) a. *Amwu-lul-to senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.
         amwu-ACC-TO
                  • Structure: *[ amwu [[[ \emptyset ] _____ ]<sub>POS-1</sub> lul ]<sub>POS-2</sub>
                                                                                    to ]<sub>POS-3</sub>
    b. Amwu-eykey-to senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.
         amwu-GOAL-TO
                  • Structure: [amwu[[[\emptyset]] eykey]_{POS-1}]_{POS-2}
                                                                                    to ]_{POS-3}
    c. *Amwu-eykey-to-nun senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.
        amwu-GOAL-TO-TOP
                  • Structure: *[amwu [[[\emptyset] eykey]<sub>POS-1</sub> ___]<sub>POS-2</sub> to-nun]<sub>POS-3</sub>
    d. *Amwu-eykey-nun-to senmwul-ul an-cwu-ess-ta.
         amwu-GOAL-TOP-TO
                  • Structure: *[amwu[[[\emptyset] eykey]<sub>POS-1</sub> ___]<sub>POS-2</sub> nun-to]<sub>POS-3</sub>
```

# Existential quantifiers and "absolute non-existential quantifiers": Scope relation between negation and amwu/nwukwu

```
(24) a. John-un
                                           cohaha-n.ta.
                 amwu-to
                                    an
                                           like-pfci
      John-TOP amwu-TO
                                    NOT
      'It is not the case that there is even any person John likes.'
                                                                       (E < ggN)
     *'There is even any person who John does not like.'
                                                                      *(3>Neg)
    b. John-un nwukwu-to
                                           cohaha-n.ta.
                                   an
       John-TOP nwukwu-TO
                                           like-DECL
                                   NOT
      'It is not the case that there is someone John likes.'
                                                                       (E<gol)
      'There is someone who John does not like.'
                                                                       (3>Neg)
```

# Existential quantifiers and "absolute non-existential quantifiers": Existential quantifier nwukwu and absolute non-existential quantifier amwu

```
(25) A: (iwuscip) {nwukwu<sub>i</sub>/*amwu<sub>i</sub>}-to cakiuy<sub>i</sub> atul-i khukey ton-ul pelisse. neighbor who/amwu-TO his son-NOM big money-ACC earned 'Speaking of indefinite/specific person<sub>i</sub> in our neighbor, his<sub>i</sub> son made a killing.'

B: pil accessiyo?

Bill uncle?

'Uncle Bill?'

A: Ung.
```

Yes

'Yes.'

#### Conclusion

#### We conclude from these facts that

- (i) amwu is a determiner which can take a null noun head referring to a person (parallel to Choi 2011), while nuwkwu is a noun referring to a person per se,
- (ii) the particle -to has the same distribution as the topic or focus postposition -(n)un, rather than as a case marker (as opposed to Kim 2016's classification),
- (iii) amwu is "absolute non-existential quantifier" which is only licit in NSI/NCI contexts (in contrast with Giannakidou's 2008 "dependent existential quantifier"), whereas nwukwu is "existential quantifier" which can induce indefinite/specific readings.

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